# **DELEGATED DECISION OFFICER REPORT**

AUTHORISATION		INITIALS	DATE
Planning Officer recommendation:		JJ	24/09/2024
EIA Development - Notify Planning Casework Unit of Decision:	NO		
Team Leader authorisation / sign off:		AN	24/09/24
Assistant Planner final checks and despatch:		ER	26/09/2024

Town / Parish: Wix Parish Council

Application:24/01179/LUPROP

Applicant: Mr R Collier

Address: 7 Hunters Court Wix Manningtree

garage.

**Development**: Application for Lawful Development Certificate for Proposed Use or Development for erection of single storey garage.

## 1. Town / Parish Council

N/A

## 2. Consultation Responses

N/A

# 3. Planning History

17/01483/FUL Erection of five dwellings. Approved 01.12.2017 19/00270/FUL Erection of 9 new dwellings with detached Approved 02.10.2019 including new boundary garages treatments, re-worked landscaping, reworked access, neighbouring boundary adjustment, potential tree felling and new soft landscaping. Application for Development Current 24/01179/LUPRO Lawful Ρ Certificate for Proposed Use or Development for erection of single storey

# 4. Status of the Local Plan

Planning law requires that decisions on applications must be taken in accordance with the development plan unless there are material considerations that indicate otherwise (Section 70(2) of the 1990 Town and Country Planning Act and Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004). This is set out in Paragraph 2 of the National Planning Policy Framework (the Framework). The 'development plan' for Tendring comprises, in part, Sections 1 and 2 of the Tendring District Local Plan 2013-33 and Beyond (adopted January 2021 and January 2022, respectively), supported suite of evidence by our base core documents (https://www.tendringdc.uk/content/evidence-base) together with any Neighbourhood Plans that have been made and the Minerals and Waste Local Plans adopted by Essex County Council.

### 5. <u>Neighbourhood Plans</u>

A neighbourhood plan introduced by the Localism Act that can be prepared by the local community and gives communities the power to develop a shared vision for their area. Neighbourhood plans can shape, direct and help to deliver sustainable development, by influencing local planning decisions as part of the statutory development plan to promote development and uphold the strategic policies as part of the Development Plan alongside the Local Plan. Relevant policies are considered in the assessment. Further information on our Neighbourhood Plans and their progress can be found via our website <u>https://www.tendringdc.uk/content/neighbourhood-plans</u>

# 6. Relevant Policies / Government Guidance

Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015, Schedule 2, Part 1, Class E.

# 7. Officer Appraisal (including Site Description and Proposal)

## Application Site

The application site comprises of a two storey semi detached property located to the North East of Hunters Court. The site is outside the Settlement Development Boundary.

## Proposal

The application seeks a Lawful Development Certificate for the proposed development of a single storey garage.

For the purposes of determining this application for a certificate of lawful development for a proposed use, the main considerations are;

- Planning History;

- General Permitted Development Order Class E
- Conclusion

#### Planning History

No conditions have been found on any previous application relating to the site which restrict permitted development rights. The application site therefore benefits from permitted development rights

#### General Permitted Development Order

The aim of this application is to establish whether or not this development would require planning permission. The certificate issued would state that the development is lawful and not at risk of being subject to enforcement action. To establish whether the proposed development is permitted development reference needs to be made to The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) Order 2015.

The proposed garage will be assessed under Class E.

## Class E - The provision within the curtilage of the dwellinghouse of-

(a) any building or enclosure, swimming or other pool required for a purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwellinghouse as such, or the maintenance, improvement or other alteration of such a building or enclosure; or

(b) a container used for domestic heating purposes for the storage of oil or liquid petroleum gas.

<ul> <li>E.1 Development is not permitted as a result of the works if-</li> <li>(a) permission to use the dwellinghouse as a dwellinghouse has been granted only by virtue</li> </ul>	
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of Class M, N, P or Q of Part 3 of this Schedule (changes of use);	
(b) the total area of ground covered by buildings, enclosures and containers within the curtilage (other than the original dwellinghouse) would exceed 50% of the total area of the curtilage (excluding the ground area of the original dwellinghouse);	N
(c) any part of the building enclosure pool or container would be situated on land forward of a wall forming the principal elevation of the original dwellinghouse;	N
(d) the building would have more than one storey;	
(e) the height of the building, enclosure or container would exceed –	
<ul><li>(i) 4 metres in the case of a building with a dual-pitched roof,</li><li>(ii) 2.5 metres in the case of a building, enclosure or container within 2 metres of the</li></ul>	N
boundary of the curtilage of the dwellinghouse or; (iii) 3 metres in any other case;	N N
(f) the height of the eaves of the building would exceed 2.5 metres	N
(g) the building, enclosure, pool or container would be situated within the curtilage of a listed building;	
(h) it would include the construction or provision of a veranda, balcony or raised platform;	
(i) it relates to a dwelling or a microwave antenna; or	N
(j) the capacity of the container would exceed 3,500 litres.	N

<ul> <li>E.2 In the case of any land within the curtilage of the dwellinghouse which is within –</li> <li>(a) a World Heritage Site,</li> <li>(b) a National Park,</li> <li>(c) an area of outstanding natural beauty,</li> <li>Or</li> <li>(d) the Broads.</li> </ul>	N/A
development is not permitted by Class E if the total area of ground covered by buildings, enclosures, pools and containers situated more than 20 metres from any wall of the dwellinghouse would exceed 10 square metres.	

E.3 In the case of any land within the curtilage of the dwellinghouse which is article 2(3)land, development is not permitted by Class E if any part of the building, enclosure, pool or<br/>container would be situated on land between a wall forming a side elevation of the dwelling<br/>house and the boundary of the curtilage of the dwellinghouse.N/A

Other:

Have permitted development rights been removed by way of a condition?

NO

NO

Planning Permission required?

**Ecology and Biodiversity** 

## General duty on all authorities

The Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 amended by the Environment Act 2021 provides under Section 40 the general duty to conserve and enhance biodiversity: "For the purposes of this section "the general biodiversity objective" is the conservation and enhancement of biodiversity in England through the exercise of functions in relation to England." Section 40 states authorities must consider what actions they can take to further the general biodiversity objective and determine policies and specific objectives to achieve this goal. The actions mentioned include conserving, restoring, or enhancing populations of particular species and habitats. In conclusion for decision making, it is considered that the Local Planning Authority must be satisfied that the development would <u>conserve and enhance</u>.

This development is subject to the general duty outlined above. An informative has been imposed strongly encouraging the applicant to improve the biodiversity of the application site through appropriate additional planting and wildlife friendly features. Therefore the development on balance, with consideration of the impact of the development and baseline situation on site, is considered likely to conserve and enhance biodiversity interests.

## Biodiversity net gain

Biodiversity net gain (BNG) is an approach that aims to leave the natural environment in a measurably better state than it was beforehand. This excludes applications for Lawful Development Certificates, this proposal is not therefore applicable for Biodiversity Net Gain.

## **Protected Species**

In accordance with Natural England's standing advice the proposed development site and surrounding habitat have been assessed for potential impacts on protected species. It is considered that the proposal is unlikely to adversely impact upon protected species or habitats.

#### Conclusion

In accordance with the overarching duty outlined above, this development is considered to accord to best practice, policy, and legislation requirements in consideration of the impacts on ecology interests.

#### **Conclusion**

It is therefore concluded that the proposal is permitted development and therefore a Certificate of Proposed Lawful Development can be issued.

#### 8. <u>Recommendation</u>

Lawful Use Certificate Granted

## 9. <u>Conditions</u>

1 The proposed development constitutes permitted development by virtue of the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 1, Class E of The Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015.

#### 10. Informatives

#### **Ecology Informative**

In accordance with the Council's general duty to conserve and enhance biodiversity, you are strongly encouraged to improve the biodiversity of the application site through appropriate additional planting and wildlife friendly features. Suggested enhancements could include: https://www.rhs.org.uk/wildlife/in-the-garden/encourage-wildlife-to-your-garden

# 11. Equality Impact Assessment

In making this recommendation/decision regard must be had to the public sector equality duty (PSED) under section 149 of the Equality Act 2010 (as amended). This means that the Council must have due regard to the need in discharging its functions that in summary include A) Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act; B. Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic\* (See Table) and those who do not; C. Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic.\* and those who do not, including tackling prejudice and promoting understanding.

It is vital to note that the PSED and associated legislation are a significant consideration and material planning consideration in the decision-making process. This is applicable to all planning decisions including prior approvals, outline, full, adverts, listed buildings etc. It does not impose an obligation to achieve the outcomes outlined in Section 149. Section 149 represents just one of several factors to be weighed against other pertinent considerations.

In the present context, it has been carefully evaluated that the recommendation articulated in this report and the consequent decision are not expected to disproportionately affect any protected characteristic\* adversely. The PSED has been duly considered and given the necessary regard, as expounded below.

Protected Characteristics *	Analysis	Impact
Age	The proposal put forward will not likely have direct equality impacts on this target group.	Neutral
Disability	The proposal put forward will not likely have direct equality impacts on this target group.	Neutral
Gender Reassignment	The proposal put forward will not likely have direct equality impacts on this target group.	Neutral
Marriage or Civil Partnership	The proposal put forward will not likely have direct equality impacts on this target group.	Neutral
Pregnancy and Maternity	The proposal put forward will not likely have direct equality impacts on this target group.	Neutral
Race (Including colour, nationality and ethnic or national origin)	The proposal put forward will not likely have direct equality impacts on this target group.	Neutral
Sexual Orientation	The proposal put forward will not likely have direct equality impacts on this target group.	Neutral
Sex (gender)	The proposal put forward will not likely have direct equality impacts on this target group.	Neutral
Religion or Belief	The proposal put forward will not likely have direct equality impacts on this target group.	Neutral

# 12. Notification of Decision

NO
NO